

CPS-SR  
CPS-IoT Week 2019  
April 15 - 18, 2019  
Montreal, Canada



清華大學  
Tsinghua University

# Intrusion Detection of Networked Cyber-Physical Systems via Three-Level Deep Packet Inspection

*Jianghai LI, Wen Si, Xiaojin Huang*

*Institute of Nuclear Energy Technology (INET)*

*Tsinghua University*

*April, 2019*





# Outline

---

- Introduction of INET of Tsinghua Univ.
- Cybersecurity of Networked CPS
- Three Level of Deep Packet Inspection
- Intrusion Detection based on Neural Network
- Data Capture and Results
- Conclusions

# Tsinghua University

## A comprehensive and research-intensive university

- **Founded in 1911**

19 schools  
55 departments



- **Engineering**
- **Science**
- **Humanities and Social Sciences**
- **Architecture**
- **Arts and Design**
- **Medicine**
- **.....**

# INET

## ▶ INET

- Institute of Nuclear and New Energy Technology, Tsinghua University, Beijing, China
- Founded in 1960s

## ▶ Research Areas

- Advanced Nuclear Energy Technology (three research reactors)
  - A twin-core experimental shielding reactor
  - A 5MW nuclear heating reactor (NHR-5)
  - A 10MW modular high temperature gas-cooled reactor (HTR-10): **a type of Gen-IV reactor**
- Nuclear Technology
  - $^{60}\text{Co}$  container inspection system
- New Energy Technology
  - Lithium-ion batteries and fuel cells
- Energy Policy Research

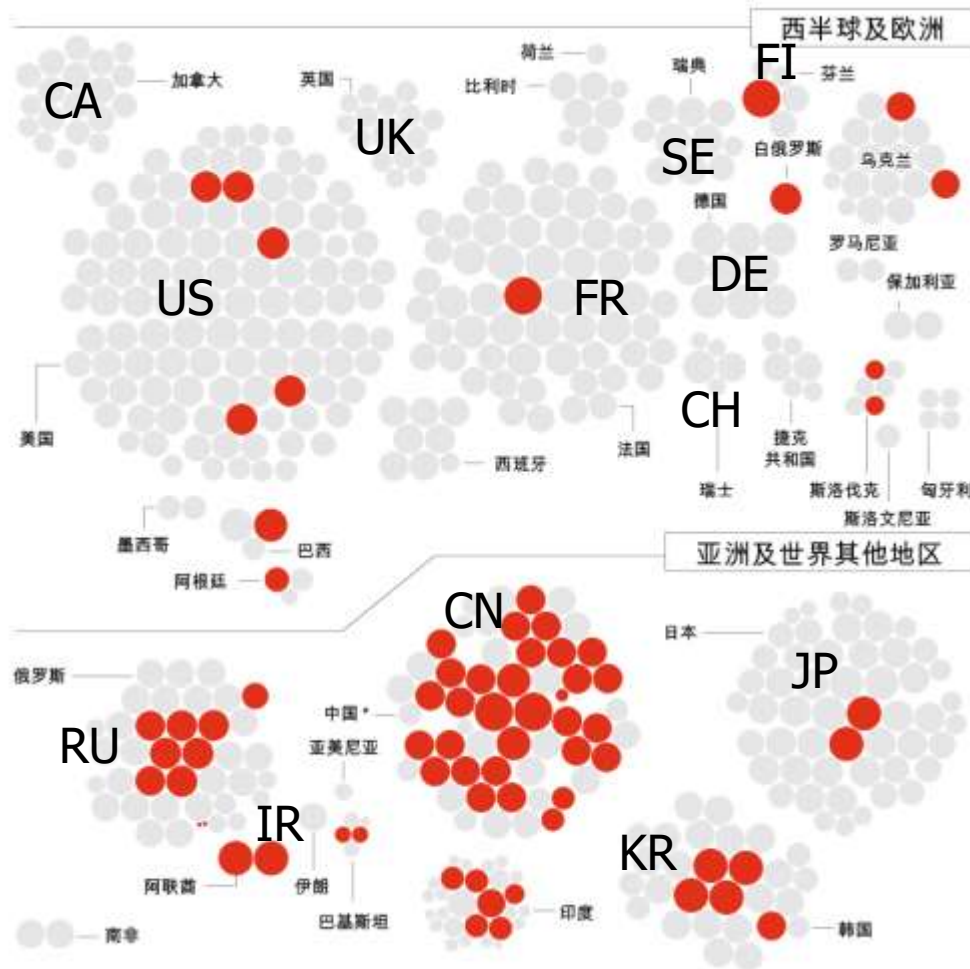


# HTR-PM: a commercial NPP

- High Temperature Gas-cooled Reactor - Pebble-Bed Module
  - Total thermal power: 2\*250MWth
  - Rated electrical power: 210MWe
  - Primary helium press: 7MPa
  - Temperature at inlet/outlet: 250/750 °C



# NPP Plan of China





# Main Control Room - 3D Model





# Outline

---

- Intro of INET of Tsinghua Univ.
- **Cybersecurity of Networked CPS**
- Three Level of Deep Packet Inspection
- Intrusion Detection based on Neural Network
- Data Capture and Results
- Conclusions



# Networked CPS

## ■ Industrial Control Systems (ICS)

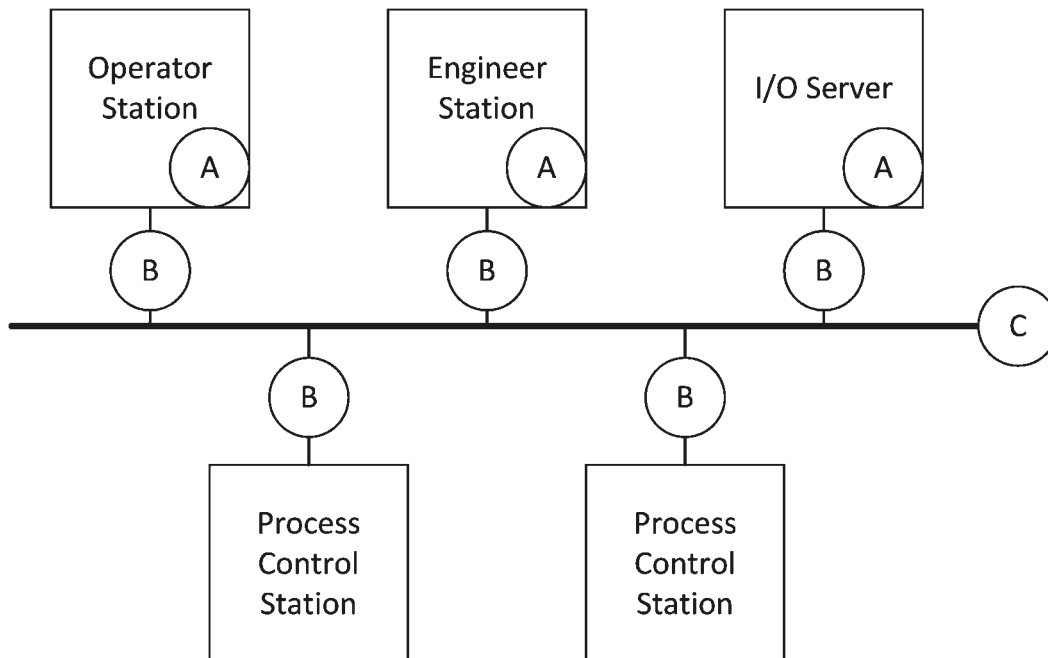
- P: sensors and actuators
- C: control programs

## ■ Networking Protocols

- Not standard TCP/IP
- Modbus, Siemens S7, OPC UA

## ■ Commercial IDS

- Proprietary ones
- TCP/IP variants

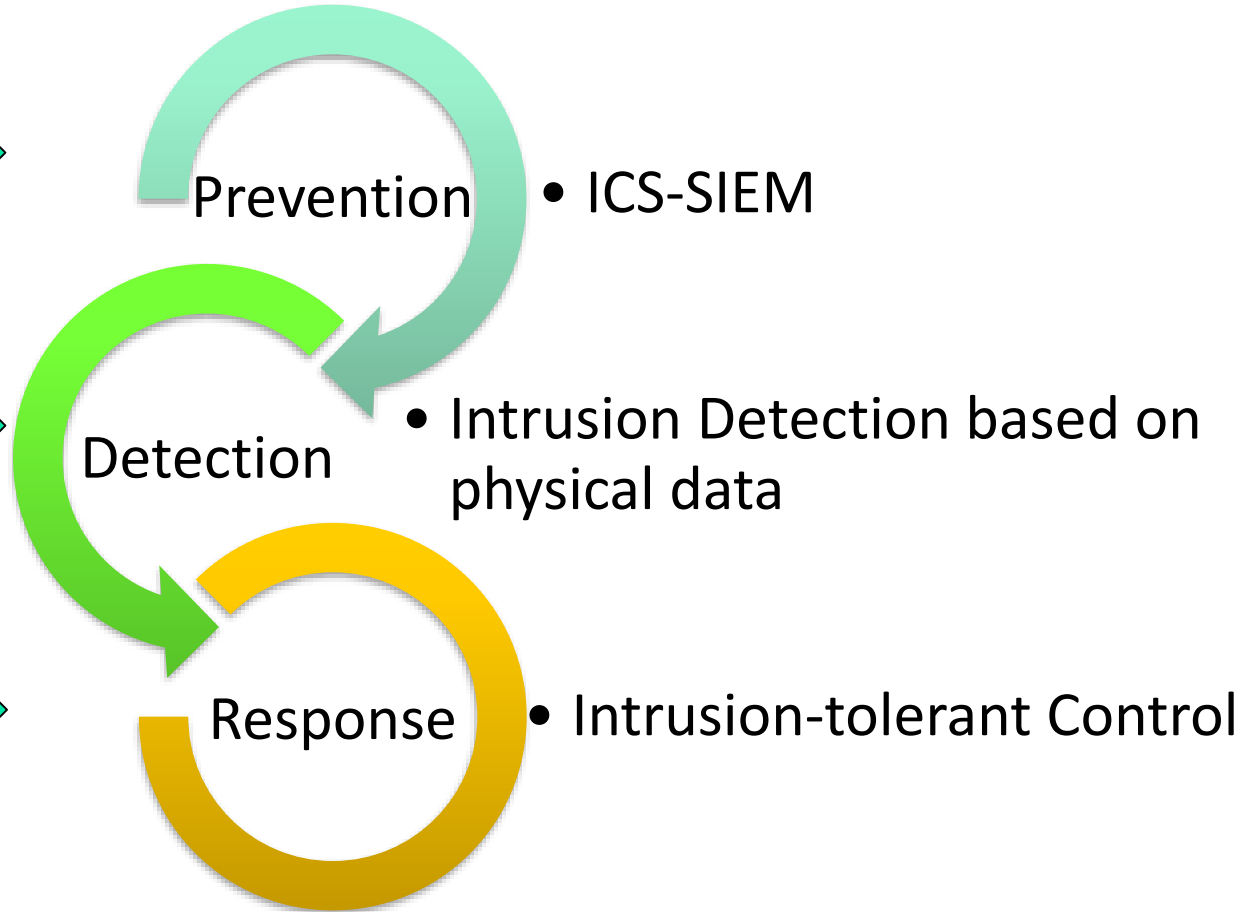


# Difficulties

Real-time Requirement

Proprietary Protocol

Operational continuity





# Outline

---

- Intro of INET of Tsinghua Univ.
- Cybersecurity of Networked CPS
- **Three Level of Deep Packet Inspection**
- Intrusion Detection based on Neural Network
- Data Capture and Results
- Conclusions

# Categories of Hackers based on Their Abilities

## IT Hackers

- skilled with IT security
- unaware of industrial control

## ICS Hackers

- skilled with IT security
- familiar with ICS and protocols

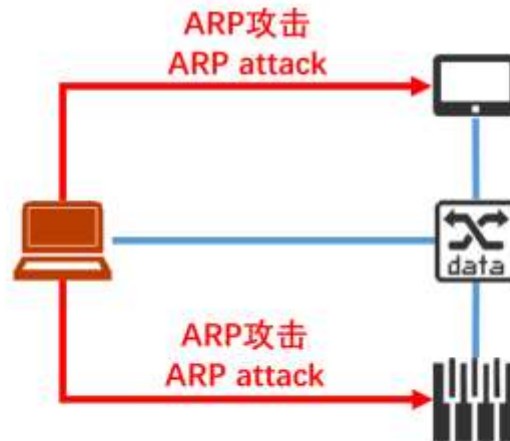
## NPP Hackers (Process Hackers)

- skilled with IT security
- familiar with I&C systems
- access **NPP (Process) information**

# Deny of Service

- by IT hackers
  - Intercept data packets of HMI commands
- Effect: operators lose control of PLC

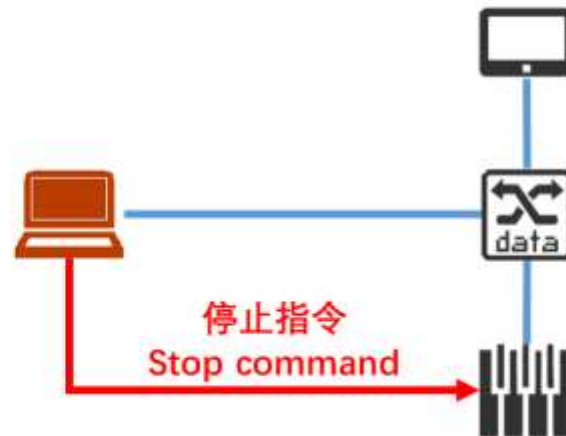
## 一、拒绝服务攻击 1. Denial of Service (DoS) attack



# Command Injection

- by ICS hackers
  - Inject the STOP command of PLC
- Effect: PLC offline

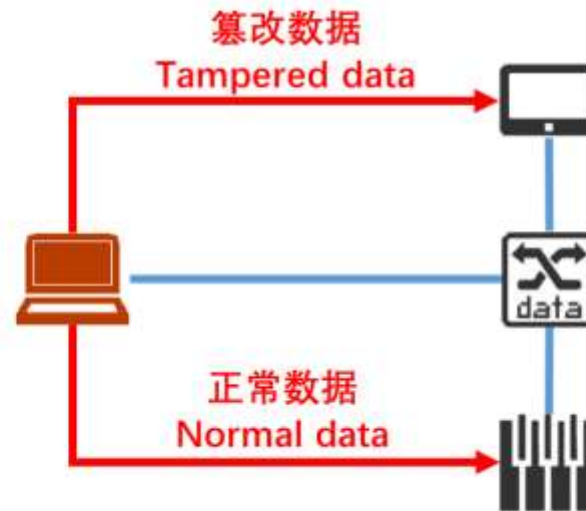
## 二、指令注入攻击 2. Command Injection Attack



# Data Falsification

- by NPP hackers
  - falsify the feedback data to HMI
- Effect: Operators deceived

## 三、数据篡改攻击 3. data tampering attack







# Three-level Deep Packet Inspection

---

- 1. Network level
  - Inspection with networking protocols (TCP/IP)
  - Network flow statistics and packet analysis
  - Commercial IDS for Internet
- 2. Control level
  - Inspection with control protocols (Modbus, S7, ...)
  - Values of the protocol fields
  - ICS-IDS
- 3. Process level
  - Inspection with control configuration
  - **Physical data**: Quantities or commands, such as temperature, pressure, valve status, motor start/stop command
  - **ICS-IDS customized for NPP**

# Deep Packet Inspection

```
00 04 17 02 58 b7 78 e7 d1 e0 02 5e 08 00 45 00
00 34 70 27 40 00 80 06 00 00 8d 51 00 0a 8d 51
00 56 df 60 01 f6 54 dc 43 66 80 54 d3 26 50 18
f9 71 1b 29 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 06 ff 04 08 d2
00 02
```

```
00 04 17 02 58 b7 78 e7 d1 e0 02 5e 08 00 45 00
00 34 70 27 40 00 80 06 00 00 8d 51 00 0a 8d 51
00 56 df 60 01 f6 54 dc 43 66 80 54 d3 26 50 18
f9 71 1b 29 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 06 ff 04 08 d2
00 02
```

```
00 04 17 02 58 b7 78 e7 d1 e0 02 5e 08 00 45 00
00 34 70 27 40 00 80 06 00 00 8d 51 00 0a 8d 51
00 56 df 60 01 f6 54 dc 43 66 80 54 d3 26 50 18
f9 71 1b 29 00 00 00 00 00 06 ff 04 08 d2
00 02
```

- IPv4  
Src IP = 141.81.0.10  
Dest IP = 141.81.0.86  
Src port = 57184  
Dest port = 502
- Function code = 4 (Read input registers)  
Reference number = 2258 (Starting address)  
Word count = 2 (Number of registers)



# Outline

---

- Intro of INET of Tsinghua Univ.
- Cybersecurity of Networked CPS
- Three Level of Deep Packet Inspection
- **Intrusion Detection based on Neural Network**
- Data Capture and Results
- Conclusions



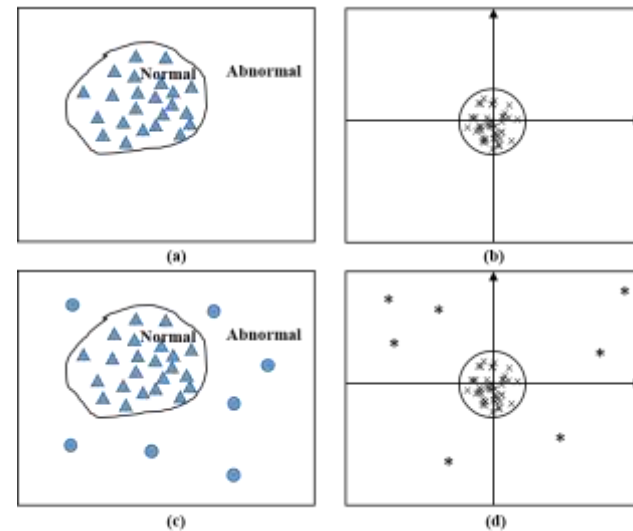
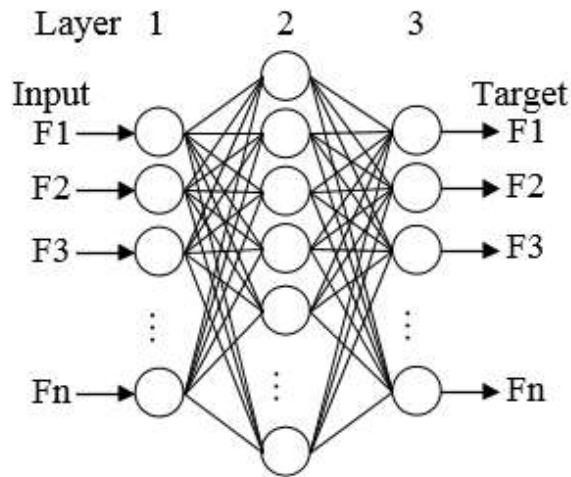
# Intrusion Detection Algorithms

---

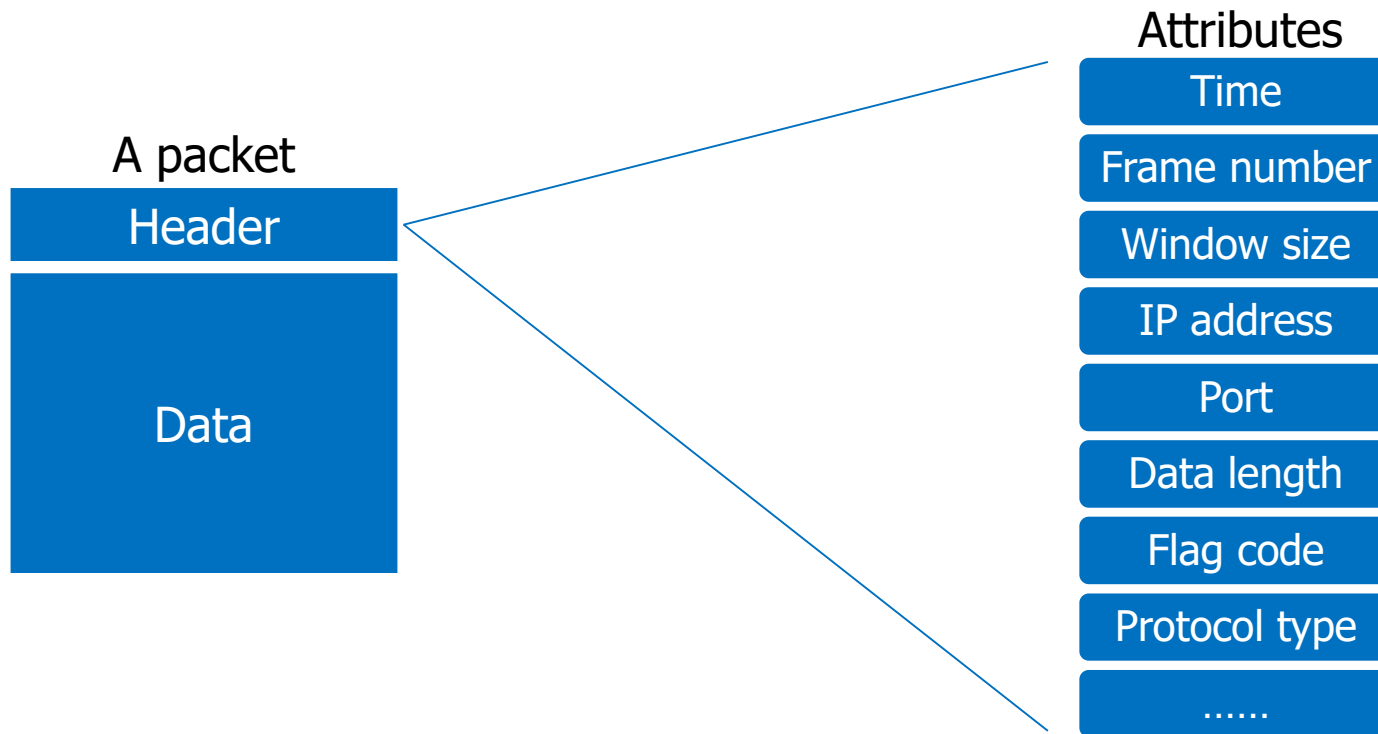
- **Characteristic detection**
  - Based on known malicious data models
  - Efficient and accurate, only for known attacks
  - Applied in control level inspection
- **Anomaly detection**
  - Based on a legal behavior model, either by experts, or by machine learning
  - for unknown attacks, false alarms
  - Applied in process level inspection
- **Still an open question**

# One-class Detection based on RNN

- Why One-class?
  - Few attack data, while abundant normal data
- Replicator neural network (RNN)
  - replicating the input data as the desired outputs, with the same number of neurons in output layer and the input layer

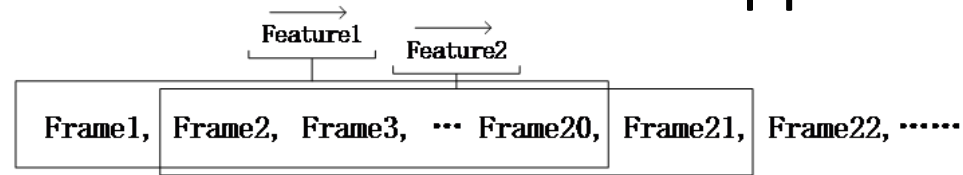


# Feature extraction



# Feature extraction

- Sliding window feature extraction approach



Features extracted from packet headers	
Average time interval	Number of packets with a 0 data length
Number of IP addresses	Number of ports
Number of packets using ARP protocol	Average data length
Number of sorts of flag codes	Average frame length
Number of packets with a 0 window size	Average total length of packets





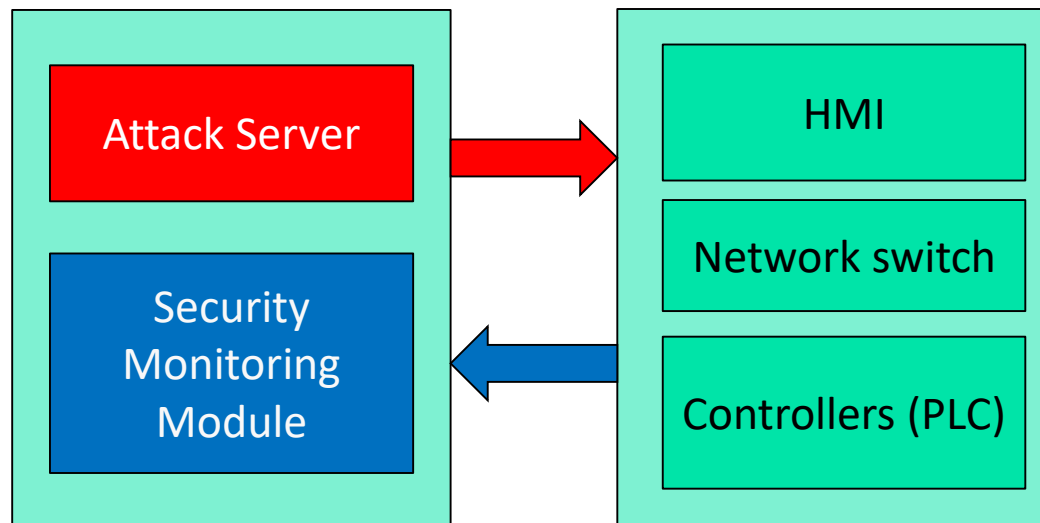
# Outline

---

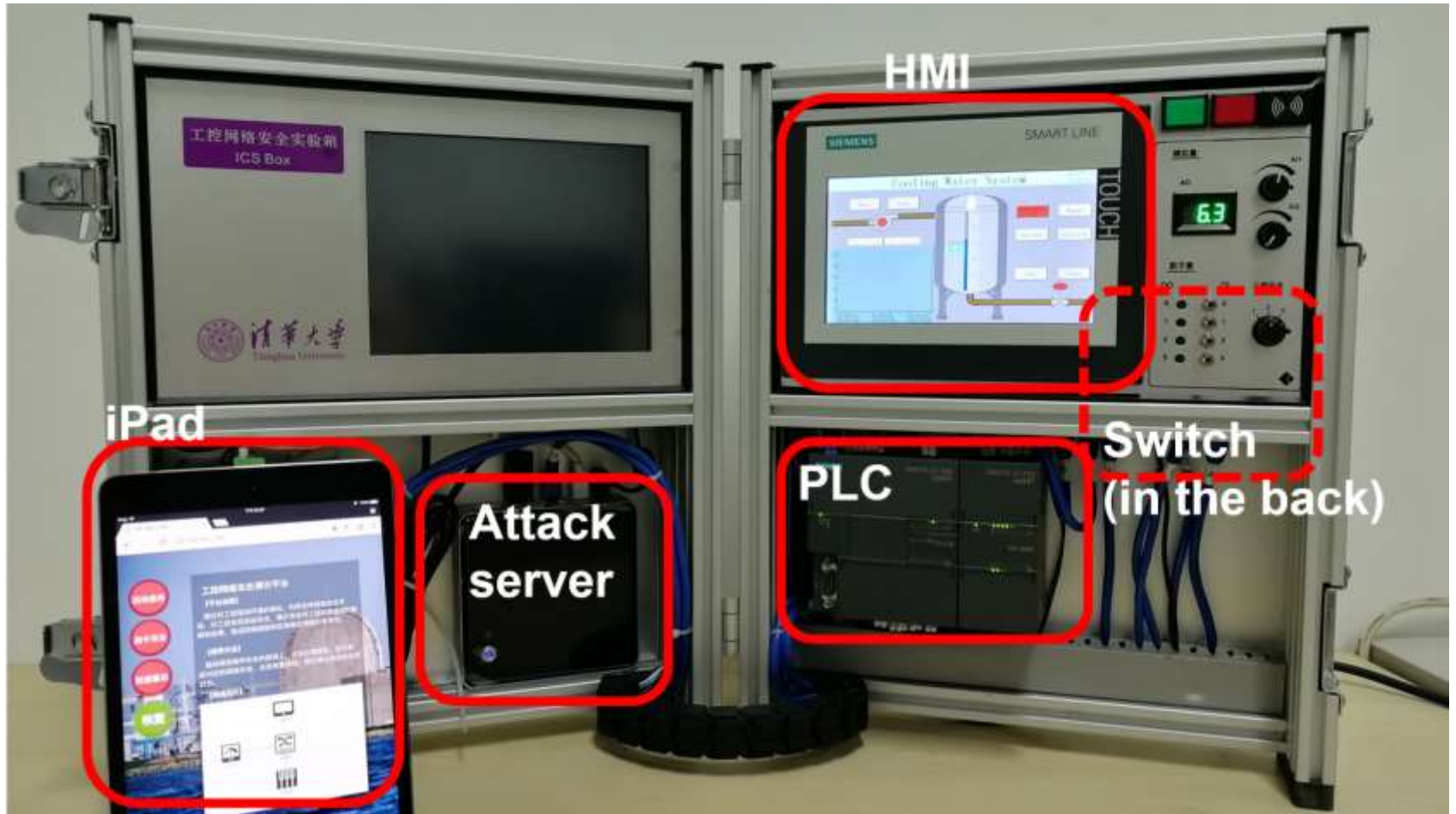
- Intro of INET of Tsinghua Univ.
- Cybersecurity of Networked CPS
- Three Level of Deep Packet Inspection
- Intrusion Detection based on Neural Network
- **Data Capture and Results**
- Conclusions

# Security Test Box

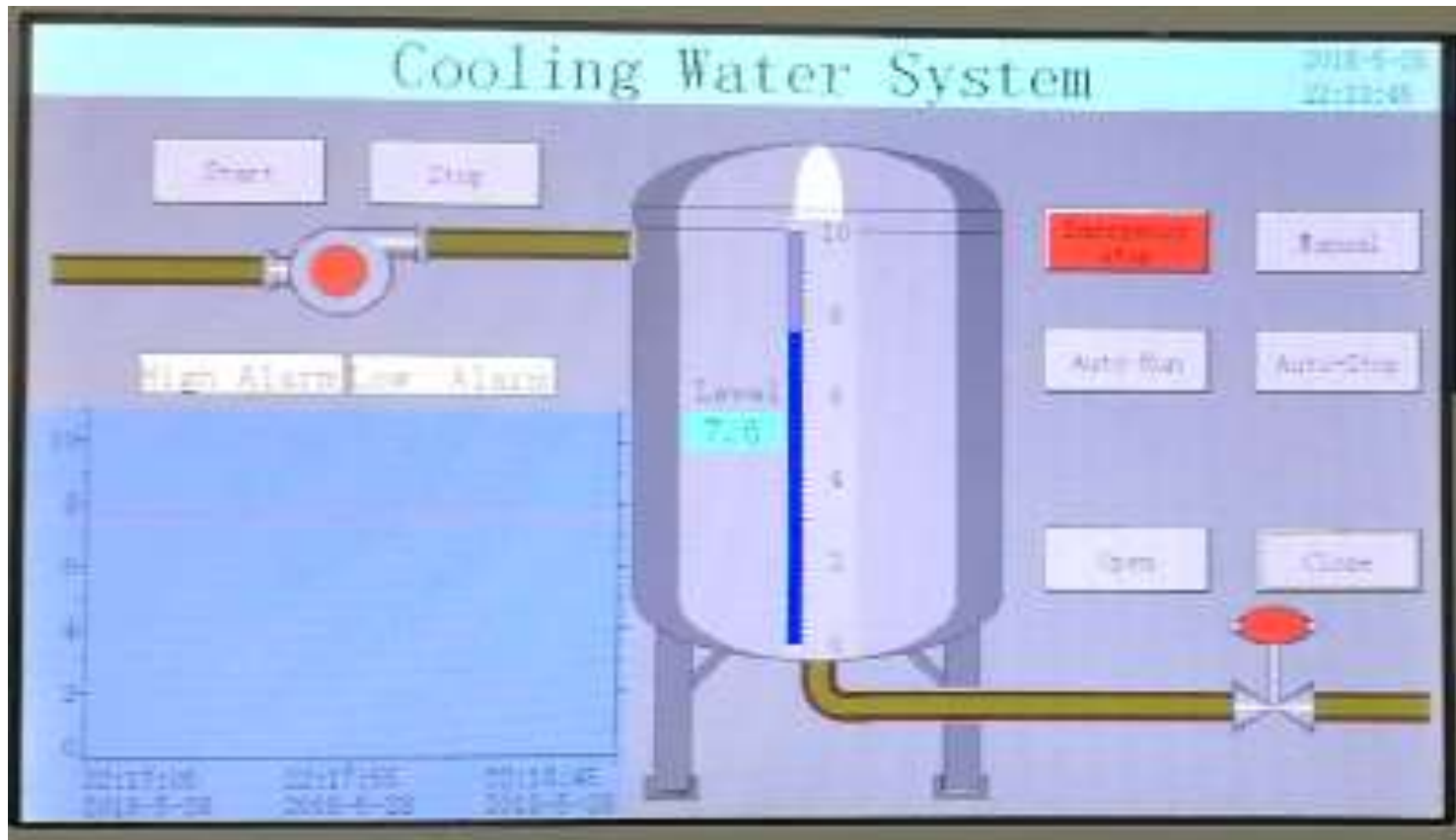
- Attack Generation
- Intrusion Detection
- I&C Testbed



# Structure of Test Box



# Cooling Water System





# Video

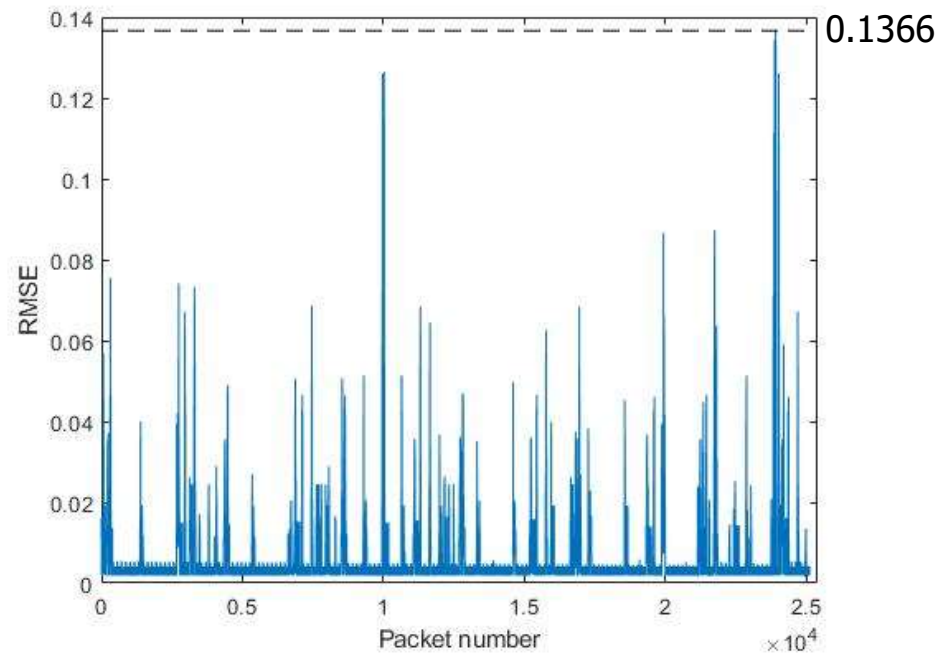
---

# Structure of Datasets

		normal	abnormal
Training dataset	<b>Normal operation</b>	25121	0
Testing dataset1	<b>Normal operation</b> <b>DoS</b> <b>Normal operation</b>	4936	820
Testing dataset2	<b>Normal operation</b> <b>Command injection</b> <b>Normal operation</b>	2688	1556
Testing dataset3	<b>Normal operation</b> <b>Data tampering</b> <b>Normal operation</b>	2963	2282

# Training of RNN

- $RMSE = \sqrt{\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - t_i)^2}$
- is used to measure the difference between output and input
- To enhance robustness of our model, we set 3 times of the max value of  $RMSE$  as the threshold





# Attack Detection and Identification

Wen SI, Jianghai LI, Xiaojin HUANG, One-class Anomaly Detection for I&C Systems based on Replicator Neural Networks, NPIC-HMIT 2019, Orlando, FL, US, Feb. 2019.

Wen SI, Jianghai LI, Xiaojin HUANG, Attack Identification In I&C Systems based on Physical Data, ICONE27, accepted

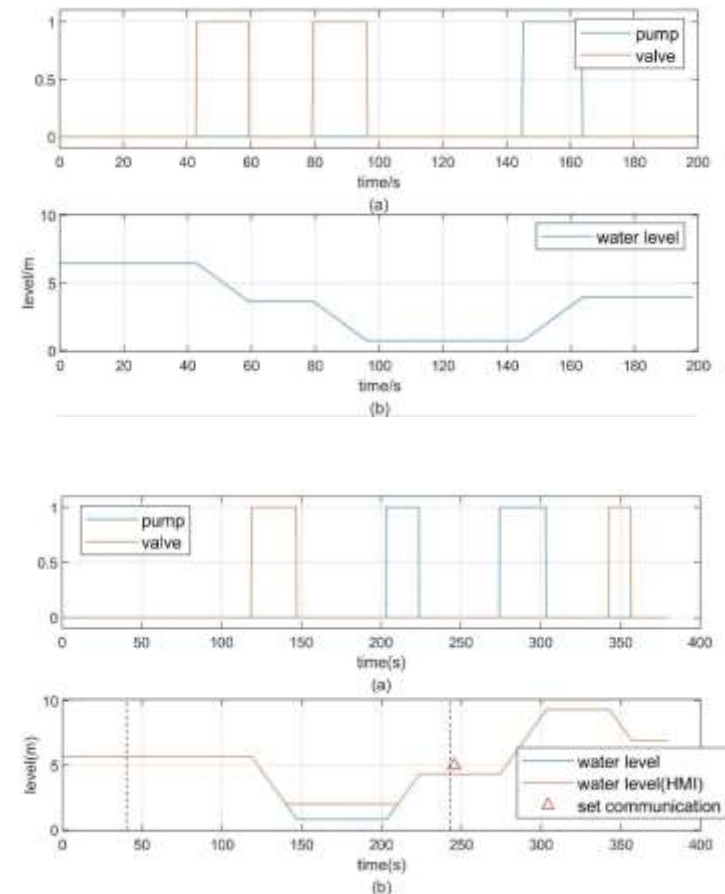
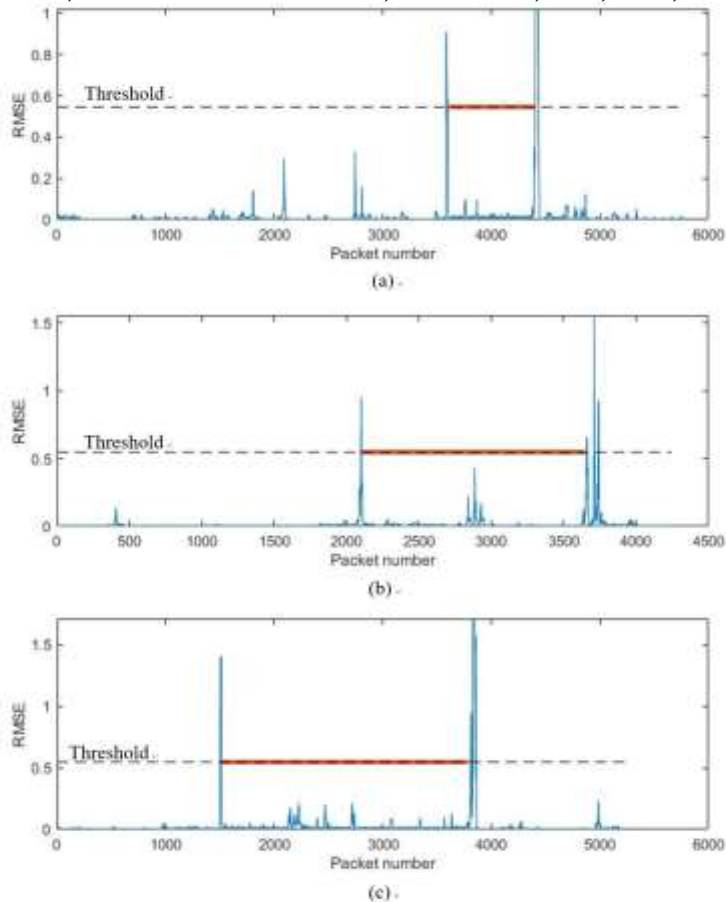


Figure 8. Anomaly detection evaluation using 3 testing datasets. (a) Testing dataset1 (b) Testing dataset2 (c) Testing dataset3.



# Conclusions

---

- Three classes of hackers and attacks
- Three levels of DPI
- Intrusion detection based on replicator neural network
- ICS security test box for data capture

A decorative graphic consisting of overlapping colored squares (blue, red, yellow) and a black crosshair.

Thank you.

---

Jianghai LI

+86-133-6647-7697

lijianghai@tsinghua.edu.cn